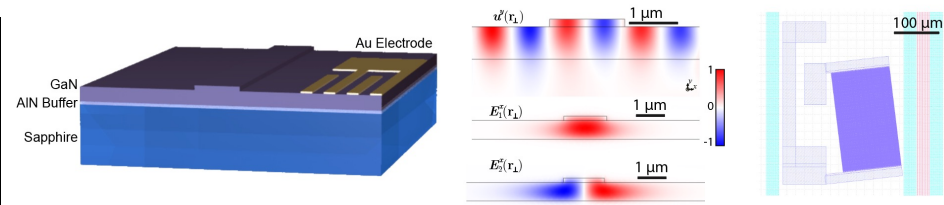


Low-power Integrated Acousto-Optics for Atomic Quantum Sensors

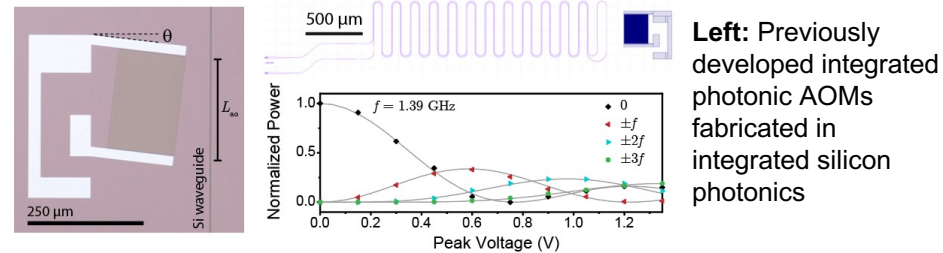
PI: Peter Rakich, Yale University

Objective

- Develop integrated photonic acousto-optic modulators (AOMs) based on a GaN-on-Sapphire waveguide platform.
 - AOMs are a key component technology for spaceborne cold-atom quantum sensors, such as atom interferometer gravity gradiometers or Rydberg-atom radars.
- Demonstrate operation at RF drive powers < 10 mW (and $V_{\pi} < 1$ V), 100 \times lower than conventional AOMs
 - The impact of successful AOM development is to lower power requirements from ~ 300 W to < 50 W for satellite-based deployment of quantum sensors.



Top: Diagrams and simulations of proposed device concept.



Left: Previously developed integrated photonic AOMs fabricated in integrated silicon photonics

Approach

- Design and optimize integrated photonic waveguides and electromechanical surface wave transducers using a multi-physics simulation package.
- Develop fabrication process. Fabricate test structures in advance of the full device to confirm and characterize the fabrication steps
- Fabricate devices on the surface of a GaN-on-Sapphire microchip leveraging the developed process.
- Perform laboratory-based experiments to confirm performance.
- Test devices in an existing cold atom experiment testbed.

Key Milestones

- | | |
|---|-------|
| • Design device based on multi-physics simulations | 07/23 |
| • Develop process flow and fabricate test structure | 09/23 |
| • Fabricate and test low-loss waveguides | 03/24 |
| • Demonstrate operation of modulator | 06/24 |
| • Demonstrate acousto-optic phase and single-sideband modulators at < 10 mW power | 09/25 |
| • Test fiber-coupled devices in cold atom experiment | 03/26 |

Co-Is/Partners: Eric Kittlaus, Hani Nejadriahi, JPL

TRL_{in} = 2

TRL_{current} = 2